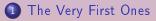
Some Programming Language History

Akim Demaille Étienne Renault Roland Levillain first.last@lrde.epita.fr

EPITA — École Pour l'Informatique et les Techniques Avancées

April 25, 2019



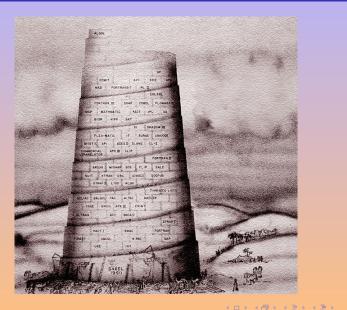


2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

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The Tower of Babel [Pigott, 2006]



The Very First Ones

The Very First Ones

- FORTRAN
- ALGOL
- COBOL

2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

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FORTRAN

The Very First Ones FORTRAN ALGOL

COBOL

2 The Second Wave

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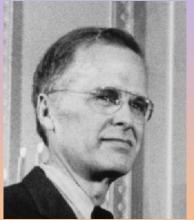
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IBM 704 (1956)



IBM Mathematical Formula Translator system

Fortran I, 1954-1956, IBM 704, a team led by John Backus.



The main goal is user satisfaction (economical interest) rather than academic. Compiled language.

- a single data structure : arrays
- comments
- arithmetics expressions
- DO loops
- subprograms and functions
- I/O
- machine independence

Because:

- programmers productivity
- easy to learn
- by IBM
- the audience was mainly scientific
- simplifications (e.g., I/O)

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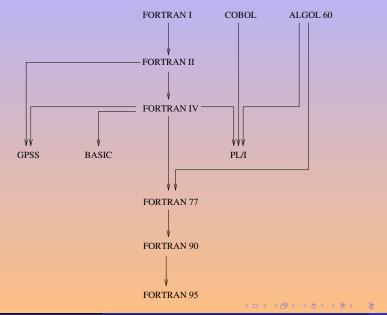
FORTRAN I

```
С
      FIND THE MEAN OF N NUMBERS AND THE NUMBER OF
С
      VALUES GREATER THAN IT
      DIMENSION A(99)
      REAL MEAN
      READ(1,5)N
 5
      FORMAT(I2)
      READ(1,10)(A(I),I=1,N)
 10
      FORMAT(6F10.5)
      SUM=0.0
      DO 15 I=1,N
         SUM=SUM+A(I)
 15
      MEAN=SUM/FLOAT(N)
      NUMBER=0
      DO 20 I=1,N
          IF (A(I) .LE. MEAN) GOTO 20
          NUMBER=NUMBER+1
 20
     CONTINUE
      WRITE (2,25) MEAN, NUMBER
      FORMAT(11H MEAN = ,F10.5,5X,21H NUMBER SUP = ,I5) = ,
 25
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```

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	CONTINUATION	FORTRAN STATEMENT	IDENTI- FICATION	
STATEMENT NUMBER			73	80
с		PROGRAM FOR FINDING THE LARGEST VALUE		
c	х	ATTAINED BY A SET OF NUMBERS		
		DIMENSION A(999)		
		FREQUENCY 30(2,1,10), 5(100)		
	_	READ 1, N, (A(I), I = 1,N)		
1	_	FORMAT (13/(12F6.2))		
		BIGA = A(1)		
5	_	DO 20 I = 2,N		
30		IF (BIGA-A(I)) 10,20,20		
10		BIGA - A(I)		
20	_	CONTINUE		
		PRINT 2, N, BIGA		
2		FORMAT (22H1THE LARGEST OF THESE I3, 12H NUMBERS IS F7.2)	_	
		STOP 77777		

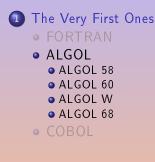
Fortrans



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Some Programming Language History

ALGOL



2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

The Very First Ones

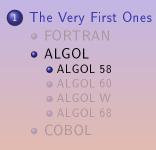


ALGOL, Demon Star, Beta Persei, 26 Persei

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Some Programming Language History

ALGOL 58



2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

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- Usable for algorithm publications in scientific reviews
- As close as possible to the usual mathematical notations
- Readable without assistance
- Automatically translatable into machine code

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 In May 1958, IAL was rejected as an "'unspeakable' and pompous acronym"

- Introduced the fundamental notion of compound statement
 restricted to control flow only
 a not field to identifier scope
- Used during 1959 to publish algorithm in CACM use of ALGOL notation in publication many years
- Primary contribution was to later languages: a basis for JOVIAL Quick, MAD, and NELIAC.
- Early compromise design soon superseded by ALGOL 60

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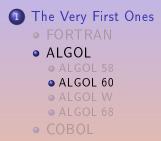
• "Jules Own Version of the International Algorithmic Language."

- Developed to write software for the electronics of military aircraft by Jules Schwartz in 1959.
- Runs the Advanced Cruise Missile, B-52, B-1, and B-2 bombers, C-130, C-141, and C-17 transport aircraft, F-15, F-16, F-18, and F-117 fighter aircraft, LANTIRN, U-2 aircraft, E-3 Sentry AWACS aircraft, Special Operations Forces, Navy AEGIS cruisers, Army Multiple Launch Rocket System (MLRS), Army UH-60 Blackhawk helicopters, F-100, F117, F119 jet engines, and RL-10 rocket engines.

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ALGOL 60



2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

ALGOL 60 Participants at HOPL, 1974



Figure: John Mac Carthy, Fritz Bauer, Joe Wegstein. Bottom row: John Backus, Peter Naur, Alan Perlis [Mac Carthy, 2006]

ALGOL 60: Novelties

• Use of BNF to describe the syntax

- Informal semantics
- Block structure
- Dynamic arrays
- Advanced control flow (if, for...)
- Recursivity

(a)

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ALGOL 60: One syntax, three lexics [Mohr, 2004]

Reference language (used in the ALGOL-60 Report)

 $a[i+1] := (a[i] + pi \times r^2) / 6.02_{10}23;$

Publication language

 $a_{i+1} \leftarrow \{a_i + \pi \times r^2\}/6.02 \times 10^{23};$

Hardware representations - implementation dependent

a[i+1] := (a[i] + pi * r²) / 6.02E23; or a(/i+1/) := (a(/i/) + pi * r ** 2) / 6,02e23; or A(.I+1.) .= (A(.I.) + PI * R 'POWER' 2) / 6.02'23.,

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for loop syntax

```
<for statement>
           ::= <for clause> <statement>
             <label>: <for statement>
<for clause> ::= for <variable> := <for list> do
<for list> ::= <for list element>
             <for list> . <for list element>
<for list element>
 ::= <arithmetic expression>
    <arithmetic expression> step <arithmetic expression>
                            until <arithmetic expression>
    <arithmetic expression> while <Boolean expression>
```

for step until

for while

```
for newGuess := Improve (oldGuess)
    while abs (newGuess - oldGuess) > 0.0001 dc
    oldGuess := newGuess;
```

for enumerations

```
for days := 31,
if mod( year, 4 ) = 0 then 29 else 28,
31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31 do
```

for step until

for while

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```

for complete

```
for i := 3, 7,
    11 step 1 until 16,
    i / 2 while i >= 1,
    2 step i until 32 do
    print (i);
```

FORTRAN was occupying too much room

- Richer than FORTRAN, so more difficult
- IBM tried to impose ALGOL, but clients refused, and even threatened IBM
- FORTRAN compilers were more efficient and smaller
- No standardized I/O

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ALGOL 60

begin

```
comment The mean of numbers and the number of greater values;
 integer n;
 read(n);
 begin
   real array a[1:n];
   integer i, number;
   real sum, mean;
   for i := 1 step 1 until n do read (a[i]);
   sum := 0;
   for i := 1 step 1 until n do sum := sum + a[i];
   mean := sum / n;
   number := 0;
   for i := 1 step 1 until n do
     if a[i] > mean then
       number := number + 1;
   write ("Mean = ", mean, "Number sups = ", number);
 end
end
```

block,

- call by value, call by name,
- typed procedures,
- declaration scope,
- dynamic arrays,
- own variables,
- side effects,
- global and local variables,

- primary, term, factor,
- step, until, while, if then else,
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- thunks,
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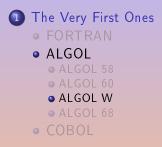
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6 Here is a language so far ahead of its time that it was not only an improvement on its predecessors but also on nearly all its successors.

— C.A.R. Hoare

ALGOL W



2 The Second Wave

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Niklaus Wirth, 1966:

- Agregates (records, structures)
- References (hence lists, trees, etc.)
- Split for into for and while
- Introduction of case (switch)
- Call by value, result, value-result
- New types long real, complex, bits
- Introduction of assert
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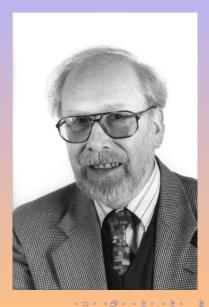
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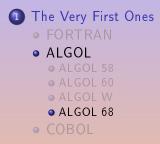
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Niklaus Wirth [Wirth, 1999]





ALGOL 68



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Assignments real twice pi = 2 * real pi = 3.1415926;

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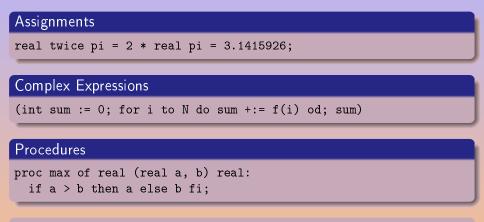
Some Programming Language History

Assignments real twice pi = 2 * real pi = 3.1415926; Complex Expressions (int sum := 0; for i to N do sum +:= f(i) od; sum)

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Some Programming Language History

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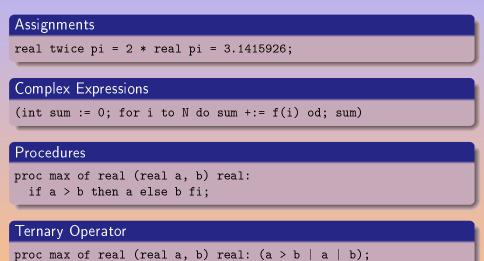


Ternary Operator

proc max of real (real a, b) real: (a > b | a | b);

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Some Programming Language History



Arrays, Functional Arguments

```
proc apply (ref [] real a, proc (real) real f):
    for i from lwb a to upb a do a[i] := f(a[i]) od;
```

User Defined Operators

```
prio max = 9;
```

```
op max = (int a,b) int: (a>b | a | b);
op max = (real a,b) real: (a>b | a | b);
op max = (compl a,b) compl: (abs a > abs b | a | b);
```

```
op max = ([]real a) real:
  (real x := - max real;
  for i from lwb a to upb a
      do (a[i]>x | x:=a[i]) od
      x);
```

Arrays, Functional Arguments

```
proc apply (ref [] real a, proc (real) real f):
    for i from lwb a to upb a do a[i] := f(a[i]) od;
```

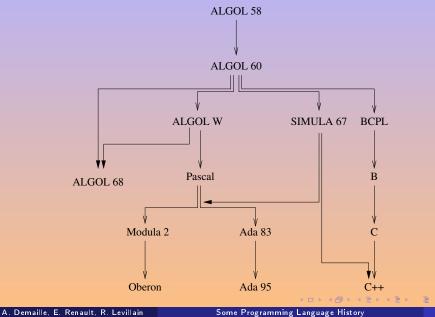
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```

ALGOL and its heirs



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COBOL

The Very First Ones FORTRAN

- ALGOL
- COBOL

2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

A. Demaille, E. Renault, R. Levillain

Some Programming Language History

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Grace Murray, December 9, 1906 – January 1, 1992



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Some Programming Language History

Captain Grace Murray-Hopper



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Some Programming Language History

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Rear Admiral Grace Murray-Hopper



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Some Programming Language History

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Commodore Grace Murray-Hopper



Life was simple before World War II.

🔓 I seem to do a lot of retiring.

6 In pioneer days they used oxen for heavy pulling, and when one ox couldn't budge a log, they didn't try to grow a larger ox. We shouldn't be trying for bigger computers, but for more systems of computers.

6 Humans are allergic to change. They love to say, "We've always done it this way." I try to fight that. That's why I have a clock on my wall that runs counter-clockwise.

Life was simple before World War II. After that, we had systems.

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6 6 We're flooding people with information. We need to feed it through a processor. A human must turn information into intelligence or knowledge. We've tended to forget that no computer will ever ask a new question.

6 A business' accounts receivable file is much more important than its accounts payable file.

We're flooding people with information. We need to feed it through a processor. A human must turn information into intelligence or knowledge. We've tended to forget that no computer will ever ask a new question.

- Common Business Oriented Language, end of the 50's.
- The most used language worldwide for a long time.
- Imposed by the DOD, thanks to Grace Hopper:
 - to have a contract, a COBOL compiler was required,
 - any material bought on governmental funding had to have a COBOL compiler.
- A program is composed of divisions.

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. INOUT.

- * Read a file, add information to records, and save
- * as another file.

```
ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.
FILE-CONTROL.
```

SELECT INP-FIL ASSIGN TO INFILE. SELECT OUT-FIL ASSIGN TO OUTFILE.

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COBOL (CONT'D)

DATA DIVISION. FILE SECTION.

FD TNP-FTI. LABEL RECORDS STANDARD DATA RECORD IS REC-IN. 01 REC-IN. 05 α -IN PIC A(4). 05 SP-CH-IN PIC X(4). 05 NUM-IN PIC 9(4). FD OUT-FIL LABEL RECORDS STANDARD DATA RECORD IS REC-OUT. 01 REC-OUT. 05 α -OUT PIC A(4). 05 SP-CH-OUT PIC X(4). 05 NUM-OUT PIC 9(4). 05 EXTRAS PIC X(16).

COBOL (CONT'D)

```
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
01
       EOF PIC X VALUE IS 'N'.
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
AA.
         OPEN INPUT INP-FIL
         OPEN OUTPUT OUT-FIL
         PERFORM CC
         PERFORM BB THRU CC UNTIL EOF = 'Y'
         CLOSE INP-FIL, OUT-FIL
         DISPLAY "End of Run"
         STOP RUN
```

COBOL (CONT'D)

BB.

MOVE REC-IN TO REC-OUT MOVE 'EXTRA CHARACTERS' TO EXTRAS WRITE REC-OUT.

CC.

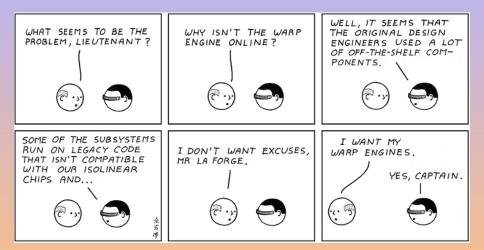
READ INP-FIL AT END MOVE 'Y' TO EOF.

C The use of COBOL cripples the mind; its teaching should, therefore, be regarded as a criminal offense.

— Edsger Dijkstra

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In the 24th century. . . [Goose, 2010]



In the 24th century. . . [Goose, 2010]



New technologies will come and go but COBOL is forever.

A. Demaille, E. Renault, R. Levillain

Some Programming Language History

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1 The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave

- APL
- PL/I
- BASIC
- Pascal & Heirs

3 The Finale

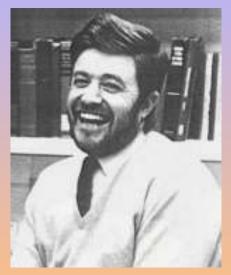
The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave

- APL
- PL/I
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3 The Finale

The Second Wave



Kenneth E. Iverson

A. Demaille, E. Renault, R. Levillain

Some Programming Language History

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APL, in which you can write a program to simulate shuffling a deck of cards and then dealing them out to several players in four characters, none of which appear on a standard keyboard.

— David Given

APL is a mistake, carried through to perfection. It is the language of the future for the programming techniques of the past: it creates a new generation of coding bums.

— Edsger Dijkstra, 1968

b By the time the practical people found out what had happened; APL was so important a part of how IBM ran its business that it could not possibly be uprooted.

— Micheal S. Montalbano, 1982

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Some Programming Language History

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Prime Numbers up to R

$$(\sim R \in R \circ . \times R)/R \rightarrow 1 \downarrow \iota R$$

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Some Programming Language History

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MAPL2	2 1001 - Object Editor - FFT	lo x
Object	Edit Breakpoints Signals Options Windows Help	
88	x 🖻 🕲 X Q 🥔 😒 F F X 🖿 📕 ?	
[0]	Z-FFT A:L:M:P:W:DIO	-
[1]	A Calculate complex FFT (Fast Fourier Transform).	
[2]	DIC-0	
[3]	λ-((N-[20W-ρ,λ)ρ2)ρλ A Structure data as 2 by 2 by array	
[4]	-(1 0=N)/L3,0 A If 2 points loop once, if 1 exit	
[5]	A Compute first quadrant cosine, sine array	
[6]	A Get second guadrant by replication	
[7]	W+(14pA)pW,0J1×W+~12002×(1W+4)+W A ~120X is -0J1×X	
[8]	P+M-0.5	
[9]	L+1	
[10]	-L2	
	L1:W-D(C0 0)0[N-L]W A Reduce order of W on each loop	
	$L_{2:\lambda-(+/\lambda)}$, $[P-L]W_{X-/\lambda}$ A Do the transform	
	+(M>L+L+1) tL1	
	A Do last step separately since multiply is not needed L3:Z+, (+/A), [0.5]-/A	
[10]	usia+, (+/n), (0.5)-/n	
		-
1		
APL On	Index [11;24] Fix time: 29/06/1991 11:00:00	11.

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The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave

- APL
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3 The Finale

Be able to address all the needs:

- scientific (floats, arrays, procedures, efficient computation)
- business (fixed points, fast asychronous I/O, string processing functions, search and sort routines)
- real time
- filtering
- bit strings
- lists

By IBM for IBM 360. "Includes" FORTRAN IV, ALGOL 60, COBOL 60 and JOVIAL. Introduction of ON, for exceptions.

1963 FORTRAN VI

- They quickly dropped compatibility: NPL
- 1965, implementation in England of PL/I

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IBM 360



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IBM 360



- 1442N1 Card reader / punch
- S/360 CPU, model 30(?)
 - 2260 Display terminal
- 1403N1 Impact printer
 - 2305 Drum storage
 - 2401 Tape storage
 - 2803 Tape control unit
 - 2321 Data cell storage
 - LCS Large core storage device
 - 1443 Impact printer
 - 2821 Control unit
 - 2311 Disk storage
 - 2841 DASD control unit
 - 1052 Console typewriter

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1072 Console station

No reserved keywords in PL/I. • IF IF = THEN THEN THEN = ELSE ELSE ELSE = IF

 No reserved keywords in PL/I. IF IF = THEN THEN THEN = ELSE ELSE ELSE = IF • Abbreviations: DCL (not DEC) for DECLARE, PROC for PROCEDURE.

```
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```

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```
• 25 + 01/3 behaves as expected..
```

```
• the loop
```

```
DO I = 1 TO 32/2 ,
Statements
```

- END
- is executed zero times.
- "Advanced" control structures
 GOTO I,(1,2,3,92)
- Implementation of MULTICS

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```
    the loop

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        Statements

        END;

        is executed zero times.
    "Advanced" control structure

        (1 2 2 2 02)
```

Implementation of MULTICS

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Statements
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- Implementation of MULTICS

```
EXAMPLE : PROCEDURE OPTIONS (MAIN);
  /* Find the mean of n numbers and the number of
     values greater than it */
  GET LIST (N);
  TF N > O THEN
      BEGIN;
      DECLARE MEAN, A(N), DECIMAL POINT
               NUM DEC FLOAT INITIAL(0),
               NUMBER FIXED INITIAL (0)
      GET LIST (A);
      DO I = 1 \text{ TO N};
        SUM = SUM + A(I);
      END
      MEAN = SUM / N;
      DO I = 1 \text{ TO N};
        IF A(I) > MEAN THEN
          NUMBER = NUMBER + 1;
      END
      PUT LIST ('MEAM = ', MEAN,
                 'NUMBER SUP = ', NUMBER);
END EXAMPLE;
```

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When FORTRAN has been called an infantile disorder, full PL/1, with its growth characteristics of a dangerous tumor, could turn out to be a fatal disease.

— Edsger Dijkstra

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Using PL/I must be like flying a plane with 7000 buttons, switches, and handles to manipulate in the cockpit. I absolutely fail to see how we can keep our growing programs firmly within our intellectual grip when by its sheer baroqueness, the programming language-our basic tool, mind you!-already escapes our intellectual control. And if I have to describe the influence PL/I can have on its users, the

closest metaphor that comes to my mind is that of a drug.

— [Dijkstra, 1972]

The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave

- APL
- PL/I
- BASIC
- Pascal & Heirs

3 The Finale

- Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code, J. Kemeny et T. Kurtz, 1965.
- Made to be simple and interpreted (NEW, DELETE, LIST, SAVE, OLD, RUN).

```
10 REM FIND THE MEAN OF N
 12 REM NUMBERS AND THE
 14 REM NUMBER OF VALUES
 16 REM GREATER THAN IT
 20 DIM A(99)
 30 INPUT N
 40 \text{ FOR } T = 1 \text{ TO } N
 50 INPUT A(I)
 60 \text{ LET } S = S + A(I)
 70 NEXT I
 80 LET M = S / N
 90 LET K = 0
100 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO N}
110 IF A(I) < M THEN 130
120 \text{ LET } \text{K} = \text{K} + 1
130 NEXT I
140 PRINT "MEAN = ", M
150 PRINT "NUMBER SUP = ", K
160 STOP
```

The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave

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3 The Finale

Niklaus Wirth, end of the 60's.

- Keep the ALGOL structure, but obtain FORTRAN's performances.
- repeat, until.
- Enumerated types.
- Interval types.
- Sets.
- Records.
- No norm/standard.

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A command from the DOD in the 70's. Embeded systems.

- Strawman, spec.
- Woodenman,
- Tinman, no satisfying language, hence a competition.
- Ironman,
- Steelman, Ada, the green language, wins. Jean Ichbiah, Honeywell-Bull.

Package, package libraries, rich control structures, in, out, in out, interruptions, exceptions, clock.

Niklaus Wirth.

Modula-2 :

- Module, interface, implementation.
- Uniform syntax.
- Low level features (system programming).
- Processes, synchronization, co-routines.
- Procedure types.

Oberon : Inheritance.

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The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave

3 The Finale

- K. N. King
- Quotes
- The Quiz

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The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave



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K. N. King & Jean Ichbiah [King, 1993]



K. N. King & Alan Kay [King, 1993]



K. N. King & Dennis Ritchie [King, 1993]



K. N. King & Bjarne Stroustrup [King, 1993]



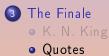
K. N. King & Niklaus Wirth [King, 1993]



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The Very First Ones

2 The Second Wave



• The Quiz

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COBOL was designed so that managers could read code BASIC was designed for people who are not programmers FORTRAN is for scientists ADA comes from a committee, a government committee no less PILOT is for teachers PASCAL is for students LOGO is for children APL is for Martians FORTH, LISP and PROLOG are specialty languages

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So far we've managed to avoid turning into APL. :-)

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So far we've managed to avoid turning Perl into APL. :-)

Some Programming Language History

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The Very First Ones

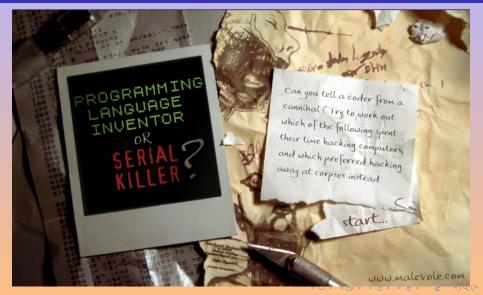
2 The Second Wave



- Quotes
- The Quiz

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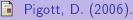
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